EASA	NOTIFICATION OF A PROPOSAL TO ISSUE AN AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVE		
	PAD No.: 12-155R1		
	Date: 29 April 2013		
Č,	Note: This Proposed Airworthin with Regulation (EC) No 216/20 and of the European third count that Regulation.	ess Directive (PAD) is issued by EASA, acting in accordance 008 on behalf of the European Community, its Member States ries that participate in the activities of EASA under Article 66 of	
In accordance with the EASA Continuing Airworthiness Procedures, the Executive Director is proposing the issuance of an EASA Airworthiness Directive (AD), applicable to the aeronautical product(s) identified below. All interested persons may send their comments, referencing the PAD Number above, to the e-mail address specified in the 'Remarks' section, prior to the consultation closing date indicated.			
Design Approval	Holder's Name:	Type/Model designation(s):	
AIRBUS		A340 aeroplanes	
TCDS Number: EASA.A.015			
Foreign AD: Not applicable			
Supersedure: None			
ATA 27 Auto Flight / Flight Controls – Flight Control Primary Computer (FCPC) – Modification / Replacement			
Manufacturer(s):	Airbus		
Applicability:	Airbus A340-541, A340-542, A340-642 and A340-643 aeroplanes, all manufacturer serial numbers.		
Reason:	An A330 aeroplane experienced a sudden nose down movement while in cruise. This event was preceded by an automatic autopilot disconnection and triggering of the "NAV IR1 FAULT" Electronic Centralised Aircraft Monitor (ECAM) Caution. Investigation results highlighted that at the time of the event, the Air Data Reference 1 (ADR) part of ADIRU1 was providing erroneous and temporary wrong parameters in a random manner. This abnormal behaviour of the ADR1 led to several consequences such as unjustified stall and over speed warnings, loss of attitude information on Captain Primary Flight Display (PFD) and several ECAM warnings. Among the abnormal parameters, the provided Angle of Attack (AoA) value was such that the flight control computers commanded the sudden nose down movement.		
	Further investigation results and undetected AoA values	concluded that this event was caused by erroneous (spikes) generated by the ADIRU1.	
	This condition, if not corrected, could lead to further similar occurrences, possibly resulting in loss of control of the aeroplane.		
	To address this potential uns issued Emergency AD 2009- Flight Manual (AFM) operation Reference (IR) and ADR in co	afe condition and as an interim solution, EASA 0012-E to require implementation of an Aircraft onal procedure, to isolate both the Inertial case a faulty IR is detected.	

	 Since that AD was issued, a final fix solution has been developed, consisting of new FCPC software standards, which prevents the potential unsafe condition and cancels the AFM operational procedure required by EASA AD 2009-0012-E. Consequently, EASA issued AD 2011-0199R1 to require this software standard upgrade of the three FCPCs by either modification or replacement, for A330 and A340-200/-300 aeroplanes. Due to similar design, Airbus A340-500/-600 aeroplanes are also impacted by this issue, and Airbus developed Service Bulletin (SB) A340-27-5051 which gives instructions for a software standard upgrade of the three FCPCs. For the reasons described above, this AD requires a software standard upgrade of the three FCPCs for A340-500/-600 aeroplanes, which cancels the operational procedure imposed by EASA AD 2009-0012-E. 	
	Since issuance of EASA PAD 12-155, following a comment received during the PAD consultation period and after accomplishment of further airworthiness analysis, the applicability of this PAD Revision 1 is extended to all A340-500/-600 aeroplanes, irrespective of ADIRU manufacturer.	
Effective Date:	[TBD: 14 days after final AD issue date]	
Required Action(s)	Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously:	
and Compliance Time(s):	(1) Within 10 months after the effective date of this AD, modify or replace the three FCPCs to integrate software standard W12, on FCPC 2K2 hardware, in accordance with the instructions of Airbus SB A340-27-5051.	
	(2) After modification of an aeroplane as required by paragraph (1) of this AD, the operational procedures as imposed by EASA AD 2009-0012-E are no longer required for that aeroplane.	
	(3) After modification of an aeroplane as required by paragraph (1) of this AD, do not install an FCPC on that aeroplane, unless the FCPC is 2K2 hardware with integrating software standard W12.	
Ref. Publications:	Airbus SB A340-27-5051 original issue dated 16 July 2012.	
	The use of later approved revisions of this document is acceptable for compliance with the requirements of this AD.	
Remarks:	1. This Proposed AD will be closed for consultation on 13 May 2013.	
	 Enquiries regarding this PAD should be referred to the Safety Information Section, Executive Directorate, EASA. E-mail: <u>ADs@easa.europa.eu</u>. 	
	 For any question concerning the technical content of the requirements in this PAD, please contact: AIRBUS – Airworthiness Office – EIAL; E-mail: <u>airworthiness.A330-A340@airbus.com</u>. 	