


<b>EASA</b>	<b>NOTIFICATION OF A PROPOSAL TO ISSUE AN AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVE</b>
	<p><b>PAD No.: 15-018</b></p> <p><b>Date: 27 February 2015</b></p> <p>Note: This Proposed Airworthiness Directive (PAD) is issued by EASA, acting in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 216/2008 on behalf of the European Community, its Member States and of the European third countries that participate in the activities of EASA under Article 66 of that Regulation.</p>
<p>In accordance with the EASA Continuing Airworthiness Procedures, the Executive Director is proposing the issuance of an EASA Airworthiness Directive (AD), applicable to the aeronautical product(s) identified below. All interested persons may send their comments, referencing the PAD Number above, to the e-mail address specified in the 'Remarks' section, prior to the consultation closing date indicated.</p>	
<b>Design Approval Holder's Name:</b> AIRBUS	<b>Type/Model designation(s):</b> A330 and A340 aeroplanes
TCDS Number:	EASA.A.004, EASA.A.015
Foreign AD:	Not applicable
Supersedure:	This AD supersedes EASA AD 2014-0066 dated 14 March 2014, including its Correction dated 20 March 2014.
<b>ATA 32</b>	<b>Landing Gear – Main Landing Gear Side Stay Upper Cardan Pin – Inspection</b>
Manufacturer(s):	Airbus (formerly Airbus Industrie)
Applicability:	<p>Airbus A330-201, A330-202, A330-203, A330-223, A330-223F, A330-243, A330-243F, A330-301, A330-302, A330-303, A330-321, A330-322, A330-323, A330-341, A330-342 and A330-343 aeroplanes, all manufacturer serial numbers (MSN).</p> <p>Airbus A340-211, A340-212, A340-213, A340-311, A340-312, A340-313, A340-541, A340-542, A340-642 and A340-643 aeroplanes, all MSN.</p>
Reason:	<p>An A330 aeroplane equipped with Basic MLG was rolling out after landing when it experienced a nose wheel steering fault (unrelated to the safety subject addressed by this AD), which resulted in the crew stopping the aeroplane on the taxiway after vacating the runway. The subsequent investigation revealed that the right-hand MLG sidestay upper cardan pin had migrated out of position. The sidestay upper cardan nut and retainer had detached from the upper cardan pin and were found, still bolted together, in the landing gear bay.</p> <p>Prompted by these findings, Airbus published Alert Operators Transmission (AOT) A32L003-14, providing inspection instructions and, as an interim solution, EASA issued AD 2014-0066 to require repetitive detailed inspections (DET) of the MLG upper cardan pin, nut and retainer. That AD also required accomplishment of a one-time gap check between wing rear spar fitting lugs and the bush flanges and, depending on findings, corrective action(s). The gap check (including corrections, as necessary) terminated the repetitive DET.</p>

	<p>Since that AD was issued, further investigation concluded that the reported MLG sidestay upper cardan pin migration event had been caused by corrosion, due to lack of jointing compound and inadequate sealant during installation after MLG overhaul. Any corrosion on the upper cardan pin and nut threads would not have been detected during the previously required DET.</p> <p>This condition, if not detected and corrected, could lead to a complete migration of the sidestay upper cardan pin and a disconnection of the sidestay upper arm from the aeroplane structure, possibly resulting in MLG collapse with consequent damage to the aeroplane and injury to occupants.</p> <p>To address this potential unsafe condition, Airbus published Service Bulletin (SB) A330-32-3269, SB A340-32-4301 and SB A340-32-5115, providing inspection instructions.</p> <p>For the reasons described above, this AD supersedes EASA 2014-0066 and requires a one-time DET of the MLG upper cardan pin and nut threads to check for corrosion or damage on the upper cardan pin and nut threads, and, depending on findings, replacement of the damaged part(s).</p> <p>As this unsafe condition could also develop on A330 freighters and A340-500/-600 aeroplanes, this AD also applies to those aeroplanes.</p>
Effective Date:	[TBD: 14 days after final AD issue date]
Required Action(s) and Compliance Time(s):	<p>Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously:</p> <p>For aeroplanes on which, on the effective date of this AD, a MLG has been replaced or reinstalled since first entry into service of the aeroplane:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) For an affected MLG, before exceeding 96 months since its latest installation on an aeroplane, or within 12 months after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, accomplish a DET of each affected MLG upper cardan pin and nut threads, in accordance with the instructions of Airbus SB A330-32-3269, or SB A340-32-4301, or SB A340-32-5115, as applicable to aeroplane type and model.</li> <li>(2) If, during the DET as required by paragraph (1) of this AD, any corrosion, pitting or thread damage is detected, before next flight, replace the upper cardan pin and/or nut, as applicable, in accordance with the instructions of Airbus SB A330-32-3269, or SB A340-32-4301, or SB A340-32-5115, as applicable to aeroplane type and model.</li> </ol>
Ref. Publications:	<p>Airbus SB A330-32-3269 at original issue dated 17 February 2015.</p> <p>Airbus SB A340-32-4301 at original issue dated 17 February 2015.</p> <p>Airbus SB A340-32-5115 at original issue dated 17 February 2015.</p> <p>The use of later approved revisions of these documents is acceptable for compliance with the requirements of this AD.</p>
Remarks:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. This Proposed AD will be closed for consultation on 13 March 2015.</li> <li>2. Enquiries regarding this PAD should be referred to the Safety Information Section, Certification Directorate, EASA. E-mail: <a href="mailto:ADs@easa.europa.eu">ADs@easa.europa.eu</a>.</li> <li>3. For any question concerning the technical content of the requirements in this PAD, please contact: AIRBUS – Airworthiness Office – EIAL, E-mail: <a href="mailto:airworthiness.A330-A340@airbus.com">airworthiness.A330-A340@airbus.com</a>.</li> </ol>