

## **EASA Safety Information Bulletin**

SIB No.: 2013-15

Issued: 10 October 2013

Subject: Maintenance of Night Vision Imaging Systems (NVIS)

Ref. Publications: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Safety Alert for Operators

(SAFO) 10022 dated 15 December 2010.

**Applicability:** All aircraft equipped with NVIS.

**Description:** The FAA published the above-referenced advisory document (which

is attached as pages 2 and 3 of this bulletin) to advise owners and operators of aircraft certified with NVIS (Night Vision Image System) of potential deficiencies in the configuration and condition of installed

NVIS equipment.

After reviewing the available information, EASA support the recommended actions contained in FAA SAFO 10022.

Since EASA consider this to be a 'generic' safety subject that should apply to all aircraft equipped with NVIS, i.e. not limited to aircraft of U.S. origin, the SAFO cannot be considered as a 'State of Design'

advisory.

For that reason, EASA have decided to explicitly apply these

recommendations to all aircraft.

This SIB is published to ensure that all affected aircraft owners and operators are made aware of the FAA safety recommendations, now

endorsed by EASA.

At this time, the safety concern described in this SIB is not considered to be an unsafe condition that would warrant Airworthiness Directive

(AD) action under EU <u>748/2012</u>, Part 21.A.3B.

**Contact:** For further information contact the Safety Information Section, Executive

Directorate, EASA. E-mail: ADs@easa.europa.eu.



U.S. Department of Transportation

Federal Aviation Administration

## **SAFO**Safety Alert for Operators

SAFO 10022 DATE: 12/15/10

Flight Standards Service Washington, DC

## http://www.faa.gov/other\_visit/aviation\_industry/airline\_operators/airline\_safety/safo

A SAFO contains important safety information and may include recommended action. SAFO content should be especially valuable to air carriers in meeting their statutory duty to provide service with the highest possible degree of safety in the public interest. Besides the specific action recommended in a SAFO, an alternative action may be as effective in addressing the safety issue named in the SAFO.

Subject: Maintenance of Night Vision Imaging Systems (NVIS)

**Purpose:** This SAFO alerts operators of aircraft equipped with a Night Vision Imaging System (NVIS) of potential deficiencies in the configuration and condition of installed NVIS equipment.

**Background:** Recent Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) assessments of NVIS-equipped aircraft have shown that the likelihood of configuration and maintenance problems increases as aircraft continue in service after NVIS modifications. This means that operators of NVIS-equipped aircraft may not be adequately meeting the inspection and maintenance requirements of NVISs.

The assessment also concluded that operators are installing light-emitting or light-reflecting equipment, which affects the NVIS compatibility of the aircraft, without ensuring that the equipment is properly evaluated.

**Discussion:** The FAA's Aviation Safety (AVS) organization recently directed a nation-wide sampling of NVIS-equipped aircraft. FAA teams, made up of Flight Standards Service (AFS) inspectors and Aircraft Certification Service (AIR) inspectors/engineers, conducted the sampling and discovered that NVIS-equipped aircraft were frequently out of compliance with NVIS requirements for three primary reasons:

- Operators installed light-emitting or light-reflecting equipment that caused the aircraft to no longer be properly configured for use with Night Vision Goggles (NVG);
- Operators failed to properly maintain the installed NVIS equipment; and
- Flightcrews were aware of conditions that reduced the ability to see necessary instruments/equipment during day, night, NVG-aided, or NVG-unaided flights. Another common problem was improperly filtered light-emitting equipment. Flightcrews did not communicate these discrepancies to the maintenance department or maintenance personnel.

After assessing and analyzing the data collected, the FAA has determined it is likely that other NVIS-equipped aircraft may not be properly configured or maintained for NVG operations. The term *night vision device* was intended to include all necessary equipment that is installed or modified as part of the entire NVIS, which includes NVGs. Failure to properly maintain an aircraft's NVIS configuration and equipment can degrade NVG acuity (i.e., blind spots for flight crewmembers using NVG) and prevent the flightcrew from clearly seeing aircraft instrumentation.

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**Recommended Action:** Directors of Maintenance, Directors of Safety, Directors of Operations, Chief Pilots, mechanics, and pilots operating or maintaining NVIS-equipped aircraft should take appropriate action to confirm the following:

- 1. Instructions for Continued Airworthiness (ICA) are current, correct, applicable by serial number, and are being properly applied by maintenance departments and personnel. If the ICA has been incorporated into an inspection program, confirm that all the additional ICA requirements are being met;
- 2. Installed NVIS equipment are properly maintained;
- 3. Maintenance personnel are appropriately trained on the maintenance and inspection of NVIS installations:
- 4. Flightcrews fully understand the importance of reporting NVIS-related problems to maintenance personnel;
- 5. Aircraft configuration/conformity is periodically checked to ensure that installed NVIS equipment complies with the Supplemental Type Certificate (STC); and
- 6. Current and complete data is available to maintenance personnel to support the NVIS equipment.

**NOTE:** An aircraft that does not comply with the STC and/or ICA requirements, or that has inoperative or improperly maintained equipment, should not be operated until corrective action has been taken. Operators may use or apply for Minimum Equipment List (MEL) relief as applicable. MEL information is contained in FAA Order 8900.1, Flight Standards Information Management System (FSIMS), Volume 4, Chapter 4, Minimum Equipment Lists (MEL) and Configuration Deviation Lists (CDL), as well as MMEL Policy Letter 127.

Please visit <a href="http://www.faa.gov/aircraft/air\_cert/design\_approvals/rotorcraft/nvis/">http://www.faa.gov/aircraft/air\_cert/design\_approvals/rotorcraft/nvis/</a> for additional information on NVIS-equipped aircraft.

**Contact:** Questions or comments concerning this SAFO can be directed to your Certificate Holding District Office (CHDO).

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